Rev.0TF3.30_20240221

25G Multi-Rate SFP28 LWDM Transceiver Hot Pluggable, Duplex LC, 800GHz LWDM EML, SMF 40KM, DDM

Part Number: FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DM



Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet @1.25G
- 10GBASE-ER/EW Ethernet @10.3125G
- 25GBASE-ER Ethernet @25.78G
- Fiber Channel 1GFC @1.0625G,
 2GFC @2.125G, 4GFC @4.25G,
 8GFC @8.5G, 10GFC @10.51875G,
 16GFC @14.025G
- SONET OC-192 & SDH STM-64 @9.953G
- SONET OC-48 & SDH STM-16 @2.488G
- OBSAI @6.144G / 3.072G / 1.536G
- CPRI @24.33G / 12.1651G / 10.1376G / 9.8304G / 6.144G / 4.9152G / 3.072G / 2.4576G / 1.2288G
- OTN OTU2 @10.7G, OTU2e @11.09G,
- OTU2f @11.32G

Overview

FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DM is a Small Form Factor Pluggable SFP28 transceiver compliant with SFF-8402 SFP28 MSA standard. The high performance cooled LWDM EML transmitter and high sensitivity APD receiver with built-in CDR provide superior performance for 1~25Gbps Multi-Rate applications up to SMF 40km optical links.

Features

- Compatible with IEEE802.3cc 25GBASE-ER
- Compatible with IEEE802.3ae 10GBASE-ER/EW
- Compliant with CPRI option 2~10
- Compliant with SFF-8402 SFP28 MSA
- Support 1.0625Gb/s ~ 25.78Gb/s Multi-Rate
- Built-in CDR on both Transmitter and Receiver
- Rate select controlled by 2-wire interface
- 800GHz ITU Grid, cooled O-Band LWDM EML laser transmitter
- APD Receiver
- Hot Pluggable
- Duplex LC connector
- 2-wire interface for management and diagnostic monitor compliant with SFF-8472
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Link distance 40km over SM fiber
- Maximum Power consumption 2.3W
- RoHS Compliant

Laser Safety

- This is a Class 1 Laser Product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3., as described in Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8, 2019.
- Caution: Use of control or adjustments or performance of procedure other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

1

Rev.0TF3.30_20240221

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	+85	°C
Storage Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%
Supply Voltage	V _{CC3}	-0.5	+4.0	V

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Case Operating Temp. (FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DM)	TOP	0	-	+70	°C
Case Operating Temp. (FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DMi)	Top	-40	-	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	+3.13	+3.3	+3.47	V
Supply Current	Icc	-	-	700	mA
Power Consumption	Р			2.3	W

Transmitter Electro-optical Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 3.13V$ to 3.47V, $T_{OP} = 0$ °C to 70 °C(FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DM); $T_{OP} = -40$ °C to 85 °C(FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DMi)

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Operating Data Rate	DR	1.0625	25.78		Gb/s	
Optical Launch Power	Po	0		+6	dBm	1
		1268.24	1269.23	1270.22		
		1272,55	1273.54	1274.54		
		1276.89	1277.89	1278.89		
	2.5	1281.25	1282.26	1283.27	nm	
		1285.65	1286.66	1287.69		
Ontical Canton Mayolan oth		1290.07	1291.10	1292.12		
Optical Center Wavelength	λο	1294.53	1295.56	1296.59		
		1299.02	1300.05	1301.09		
			1305.63			
			1309.14	1310.19		
		1312.67	1313.73	1314.79		
		1317.29	1318.35	1319.42		
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	

Rev.0TF3.30_20240221

Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	6			dB	
Dispersion Penalty	DP			3.0	dB	2
Optical Eye Mask		IEEE 802.3cc				
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-130	dB/Hz	
Differential Data Input Swing	Vin	190		700	mV	
Tx Disable Input Voltage-Low (Tx ON)	TDISV∟	GND		0.8	V	
Tx Disable Input Voltage-High (Tx OFF)	TDISVH	2.0		Vcc	V	
Tx Fault Output Voltage-Low (Tx Normal)	TFLTV∟	GND		0.8	V	
Tx Fault Output Voltage-High (Tx Fault)	TFLTVH	2.0		Vcc	V	

Note1: The optical power is launched into a 9/125µm single mode fiber.

Note2: After 40km G.652D 9/125µm single mode fiber.

Receiver Electro-optical Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 3.13V$ to 3.47V, $T_{OP} = 0$ °C to 70 °C(FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DM); $T_{OP} = -40$ °C to 85 °C(FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DMi)

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Operating Data Rate	DR	1.0625	25.78		Gb/s	
Receiver Sensitivity @25G				-19		1
Receiver Sensitivity @10G	SEN			-20.5	dBm	2
Receiver Sensitivity @1G				-24		3
Maximum Receive Power	PRX-MAX	-4			dBm	1
Optical Center Wavelength	λc	1260		1355	nm	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-21.5	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSHY	0.5			dB	
Differential Data Output Swing	Vоит	300		850	mV	
Receiver LOS Signal Output Voltage-Low	LOSVL	GND		0.8	V	
Receiver LOS Signal Output Voltage-High	LOSVH	2.0		Vcc	V	

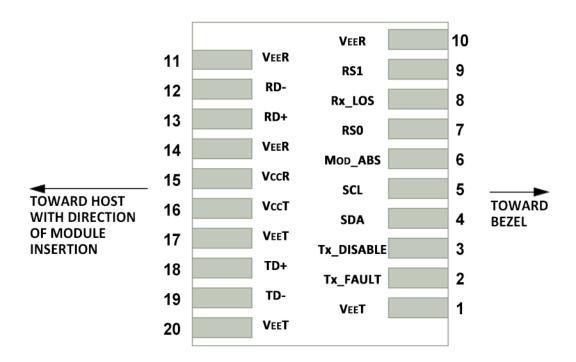
Note1: Measured with a PRBS 2^{31} -1 test pattern @25.78Gbps BER<5x10⁻⁵.

Note2: Measured with a PRBS 2³¹-1 test pattern @10.3125Gbps BER<10⁻¹².

Note3: Measured with a PRBS 2⁷-1 test pattern @1.25Gbps BER<10⁻¹².

Rev.0TF3.30_20240221

Pin Assignment



Host PCB SFP28 Pad Assignment Top View

Pin Description

Pin	Name	Function / Description				
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground				
2	Tx_FAULT	ransmitter Fault Indication (1)				
3	Tx_DISABLE	Transmitter Disable – Turns off transmitter laser output (2)				
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line (SDA: Serial Data Signal) (3)				
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock (SCL: Serial Clock Signal) (3)				
6	Mod_ABS	Module Absent, connected to VEET or VEER in the module (3)				
7	RS0	Rate Select 0, optional (5)				
8	Rx_LOS	Receiver Loss of Signal Indication (4)				
9	RS1	Rate Select 1, optional (5)				
10	VEER	Receiver Ground				
11	VEER	Receiver Ground				
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted Data output, AC coupled				
13	RD+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data output, AC coupled				

Rev.0TF3.30 20240221

14	VEER	Receiver Ground			
15	VccR	Receiver 3.3V Power Supply			
16	VccT	Transmitter 3.3V Power Supply			
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground			
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input, AC coupled			
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input, AC coupled			
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground			

- **Note1:** Tx Fault is open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7K~10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply <VccT+0.3V or VccR+0.3V. When high, this output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- Note2: Tx Disable input is used to shut down the laser output per the state table below. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7K\sim10K\Omega$ resistor. 1) Low(0 \sim 0.8V): Transmitter on; 2) Between(0.8V and 2V): Undefined; 3) High (2.0~ VccT): Transmitter Disabled; 4) Open: Transmitter Disabled.
- **Note3:** These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a $4.7K\sim10K\Omega$ resistor on the host board to supply less than VccT+0.3V or VccR+0.3V. Mod_ABS is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.
- Note4: Rx LOS (Loss of signal) is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7K~10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply <VccT+0.3V or VccR+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- Note5: Tied to ground through a 30K ohm resistor. Rate select can be set through the 2-wire bus in accordance with SFF-8472 v12.1c. Tx Rate Select is set at Bit 3, Byte 118, Address A2h; Rx Rate Select is set at Bit 3, Byte 110, Address A2h. Writing "1" selects CDR enable for 25G operation; Writing "0" selects CDR bypass for 1~25G operation.

Digital Diagnostic Functions

As defined by the SFP MSA (SFF-8472) Ficer's SFP28 transceivers provide digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface, which allows real-time access to the following operating parameters:

- Transceiver temperature
- Laser bias current
- Transmitted optical power
- Received optical power
- Transceiver supply voltage

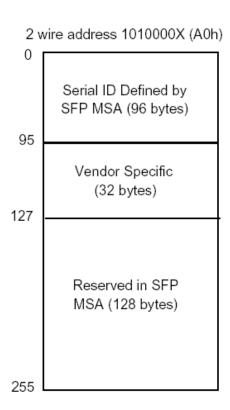
It also provides a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which may be used to alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory-set normal range.

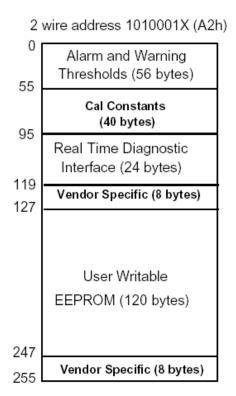
The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Controller (DDC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through the 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL pin) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the

Rev.0TF3.30 20240221

SFP28 transceiver into those segments of its memory map that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP28 transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA pin) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. For more detailed information including memory map definitions, please see the SFP MSA (SFF-8472) Specification.

Digital Diagnostic Memory Map



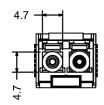


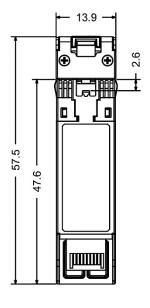
Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Characteristics

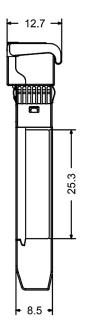
Parameter	Accuracy	Unit	Note
Temperature	±3	°C	Internal Calibration
Supply Voltage	±0.1	V	Internal Calibration
Tx Bias Current	±5	mA	Internal Calibration
Tx Output Power	±3	dB	Internal Calibration
Rx Received Optical Power	±3	dB	Internal Calibration

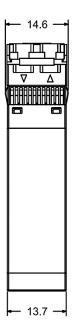
Rev.0TF3.30_20240221

Mechanical Dimensions











(All Dimensions are ±0.20mm Unless Otherwise Specified, Unit: mm)

Rev.0TF3.30_20240221

Ordering Information

Part No.	Tx	Rx	Link	DDM	Temp.
	69=1269.23nm				
	73=1273.54nm				
ECDD NZ Low 40DM	77=1277.89nm				070°C
FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DM	82=1282.26nm				0~70°C
	86=1286.66nm	1260nm ~ 1600nm			
	91=1291.10nm		SMF	Yes	
	95=1295.56nm		40km	res	
	00=1300.05nm				
ECDD NZ Low 40DMi	04=1304.58nm				40- 95°C
FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DMi	09=1309.14nm				-40~85°C
	13=1313.73nm				
	18=1318.35nm				

Note: Distances are indicative only. To calculate a more precise link budget based on specific conditions in your application, please refer to the optical characteristics.